EXHIBIT A

CONCORD STEAM RESPONSES TO REQUESTS TO JOHN DALTON

NHPUC Docket No. DE 10-195

Response to First Set of Data Requests by PSNH

Date of Request: December 26, 2010 Date of Response: January 11, 2011

Witness: John Dalton

REQUEST:

4. Ref. pg. 2, line 14, you stated, "have reviewed numerous electric utility avoided cost estimates and advised clients on the reasonableness of these estimates and the methodologies for developing them." Please identify the electric utilities and clients referenced in this statement.

OBJECTION: See Concord Steam's Objection to Request 2, above.

RESPONSE:

There were numerous reviews of electric utility avoided cost estimates performed before the electricity industry restructured when such estimates had greater relevance for power procurement efforts. Many of the electricity price forecasts identified in the previous response could be viewed as equivalent to avoided cost estimates. Electric utility avoided cost estimates, the clients for whom the review was performed or the forecast developed since 2005 include:

- Ontario, Hydro One, 2005
- Ontario, Association of Major Power Consumers of Ontario, 2005
- Ontario, Ontario Electricity Financial Corp., 2005
- Ontario, Ministries of Energy and Finance, 2005
- Ontario, Ministry of Energy, 2006
- New England, PJM, MISO, Macquarie North America, 2006
- New England, Ventus Energy, 2006
- Entergy Louisiana, Cajun Power, 2007
- Florida Power & Light Company, Wheelabrator Technologies, 2008
- Alberta and British Columbia, Atlantic Power, 2008
- New England, Canadian Wind Energy Association, 2009
- Ontario, Pure Energy Resources, 2009
- Ontario, Hydro One, 2010
- New England, New York & PJM, Northland Power, 2010

NHPUC Docket No. DE 10-195

Response to First Set of Data Requests by PSNH

Date of Request: December 26, 2010 Date of Response: January 11, 2011

Witness: John Dalton

REQUEST:

5. Ref. pg. 1, line 12, you stated you have developed "detailed financial pro formas for numerous generation projects." Please identify the referenced generation projects.

OBJECTION:

Concord Steam objects to this request on the grounds that it is overbroad and unduly burdensome. As noted in Mr. Dalton's testimony, he has provided consulting services to the electric industry in the United States for over twenty five years.

See also Concord Steam's Objection to Request 2, above.

RESPONSE:

Consulting projects for which detailed financial pro formas were developed since 2008 are identified below. For several of these consulting projects financial pro formas were developed for a wide range of generation technologies.

- Ontario Power Authority, Development of Clean Energy Standard Offer Pricing, 2008
- Ontario Power Authority, Development of Feed-in Tariff Rates, 2008-2009
- Canadian Wind Energy Association, Review of Wind Project Costs, 2009
- Vermont Public Service Board, Development of Standard Offer Rates, 2009
- Nova Scotia Department of Energy, Review of Feed-in Tariff Rate Impacts, 2010
- Capital Power, Costs of Peaking Generation, 2010
- Ontario Market Assessment Report, Costs of Generation Alternatives, 2010

NHPUC Docket No. DE 10-195

Response to First Set of Data Requests by PSNH

Date of Request: December 26, 2010 Date of Response: January 11, 2011

Witness: John Dalton

REQUEST:

6. Ref. pg. 3, line 1, you stated that you "have assisted clients in drafting long-term power purchase agreements." Please identify all such clients.

OBJECTION: See Concord Steam's Objection to Requests 2 & 5, above.

RESPONSE:

From 1999 to 2007, while at Navigant Consulting, I advised the Ontario Electricity Financial Corporation (OEFC) on the more than 90 power purchase agreements (PPAs) representing over 1,600 MW of capacity and energy that it was a counterparty to. For OEFC, I was involved in numerous contract negotiations and renegotiations.

Some of the clients that I assisted with drafting PPAs are:

- Ontario Electricity Financial Corp.
- Ontario Power Authority
- Vermont Public Service Board
- Nalcor Energy

NHPUC Docket No. DE 10-195

Response to First Set of Data Requests by PSNH

Date of Request: December 26, 2010 Date of Response: January 11, 2011

Witness: John Dalton

REQUEST:

7. Ref. pg. 3, line 4, you stated that you "have led the negotiations of power purchase agreements." Please identify the parties involved in all such negotiations.

OBJECTION: See Concord Steam's Objection to Requests 2 & 5, above.

RESPONSE:

Please also see the response to PSNH-006. Some of the parties that were involved in the PPA negotiations that I led include:

Ontario Electricity Financial Corp. and TransCanada Energy Ontario Electricity Financial Corp. and Northland Power

NHPUC Docket No. DE 10-195

Response to First Set of Data Requests by PSNH

Date of Request: December 26, 2010 Date of Response: January 11, 2011

Witness: John Dalton

REQUEST:

9. Ref. pg. 4, line 20. You refer to "a term sheet submitted by Concord Steam and Power to PSNH." Would Concord Steam be supplying the energy, RECs and capacity under that term sheet from its existing generating facility, or from its proposed new generating facility? If any of the products to be supplied would be from the proposed new facility, please provide copies of all contracts, agreements, or other arrangements that Concord Steam Corporation has to sell energy, capacity or RECs from that proposed new facility.

OBJECTION: Concord Steam objects to this requests on the grounds that:

- A. Concord Power and Steam, LLC is not a party to this proceeding under Puc 203.09 (b) and therefore not subject to discovery. Concord Steam Corporation is a separate entity and does not have legal authority to disclose Concord Power and Steam, LLC's confidential financial information.
- B. The information requested of Concord Power and Steam, LLC is confidential financial information that is not subject to disclosure under RSA 91-A:5, Puc 203.08, and Order No. 25,174.

RESPONSE:

This term sheet was for the sale of energy, RECs and capacity from Concord Steam and Power's proposed new facility.

I did not review any other contracts or agreements for the sale of energy, capacity or RECs from this facility.

NHPUC Docket No. DE 10-195

Response to First Set of Data Requests by PSNH

Date of Request: December 26, 2010 Date of Response: January 16, 2011

Witness: John Dalton

*** REDACTED RESPONSE ***

REQUEST:

9. Ref. pg. 4, line 20. You refer to "a term sheet submitted by Concord Steam and Power to PSNH." Would Concord Steam be supplying the energy, RECs and capacity under that term sheet from its existing generating facility, or from its proposed new generating facility? If any of the products to be supplied would be from the proposed new facility, please provide copies of all contracts, agreements, or other arrangements that Concord Steam Corporation has to sell energy, capacity or RECs from that proposed new facility.

OBJECTION: Concord Steam objects to this requests on the grounds that:

- A. Concord Power and Steam, LLC is not a party to this proceeding under Puc 203.09 (b) and therefore not subject to discovery. Concord Steam Corporation is a separate entity and does not have legal authority to disclose Concord Power and Steam, LLC's confidential financial information.
- B. The information requested of Concord Power and Steam, LLC is confidential financial information that is not subject to disclosure under RSA 91-A:5, Puc 203.08, and Order No. 25,174.

AMENDED RESPONSE:

Since my initial response, I have been provided with a recent power purchase agreement between Concord Power & Steam, LLC and a New Hampshire power supplier (the Concord Power PPA). The Concord Power PPA contains a confidentiality provision. However, on January 13, 2011, the counterparty authorized its release to me and submission to the Commission on a confidential basis for the limited purpose of responding to PSNH's data requests.

The pricing terms of the Concord Power PPA are generally consistent with the pricing contained in the Term Sheet submitted to PSNH by Concord Power and Steam that was attached to my testimony. The Fixed Energy Charge is \$[]/MWh versus \$33.50/MWh in the Term Sheet and the Escalating Energy Charge is \$[]/MWh versus \$34.30/MWh in the Term Sheet and in Exhibit JCD-3. With these changes, the levelized

NHPUC Docket No. DE 10-195

Response to First Set of Data Requests by PSNH

Date of Request: December 26, 2010 Date of Response: January 16, 2011

Witness: John Dalton

PPA pricing continues to be 18% below that of the Laidlaw PPA over the 20-year contract term evaluated.

The Concord Power PPA pricing supports my prior testimony that the Laidlaw PPA pricing appears to be higher than other alternatives available in the market and that PSNH should have used a competitive bidding process to determine which renewable generation project developers would be awarded contracts.

Pursuant to Rule Puc 203.08(d), Concord Steam has a good faith basis for seeking confidential treatment of the attachment to this Response and intends to submit a motion for confidential treatment regarding such document at or before the commencement of the hearing in this proceeding.

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Response to First Set of Data Requests by PSNH

Date of Request: December 26, 2010 Date of Response: January 11, 2011

Witness: John Dalton

REQUEST:

12. Ref. pg. 7, line 18, you stated that "Schiller paid suppliers \$30/ton which was then more than 20% above the then market price for wood fuel." Please provide a listing of what all other biomass generators have paid for wood fuel since Schiller began operation to present.

OBJECTION: Concord Steam objects on the grounds that:

- A. The quotation is not contained in Mr. Dalton's testimony.
- B. The request is overly broad and unduly burdensome as he cannot produce a "listing of what all other biomass generators have paid for wood fuel since Schiller began operation to present."
- C. See Concord Steam's Objection to Request 2.

RESPONSE:

This information is consistent with Mark Saltsman's Testimony on behalf of Concord Steam. I have no information regarding what other biomass generators referenced in his testimony have paid for fuel.

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Response to First Set of Data Requests by PSNH

Date of Request: December 26, 2010 Date of Response: January 11, 2011

Witness: John Dalton

REQUEST:

14. Ref. pg. 8 lines 9 through 18. Please list any currently operating renewable generation or renewable generation under construction that have PPAs resulting from a competitive RFP solicitation.

OBJECTION:

Concord Steam objects on the grounds that this request is overly broad and unduly burdensome and to the extent it calls for information outside of Concord Steam's control.

RESPONSE:

There are almost 1,000 MW of operating renewable generation or renewable generation projects that are under construction in Ontario that were procured by the Ontario Ministry of Energy or Ontario Power Authority through RFPs. California, Washington State, Minnesota, Colorado and Nevada electric utilities have also used RFPs extensively to award contracts to renewable generation projects, many of which are in operation.

The Massachusetts LDCs also issued an RFP as allowed by the Massachusetts *Green Communities Act*. Furthermore, the New England Governors' *Renewable Energy Blueprint* indicated that:

"In connection with the states' power procurement and contracting authority, the New England Governors observe the following:

- 1. Every New England state has current statutory authority to approve long-term contracts for capacity, energy and/or renewable energy credits (RECs).
- 2. Across New England, procurement is generally executed through competitive solicitations.
- 3. Typically, competitive procurement is implemented by electric distribution companies, subject to the review and approval by the states' Public Utility Commissions. In some states, such as Vermont and Maine, state entities are authorized to act on the state's behalf. In all cases, however, the states are the ultimate arbiter of whether and what resources are awarded contracts." (p. 8).

EXHIBIT B

CONCORD STEAM RESPONSES TO REQUESTS TO JOHN DALTON SUBJECT TO OBJECTIONS

NHPUC Docket No. DE 10-195

Response to First Set of Data Requests by PSNH

Date of Request: December 26, 2010 Date of Response: January 11, 2011

Witness: John Dalton

REQUEST:

1. Ref. pg. 1, line 15, you stated that CSC has "secured financing commitments for the vast majority of the required investment capital." What percentage of the required investment capital has been secured? Provide all documents related to the financing of the purchase or construction of CSC's facility. Please provide details concerning the financing commitments that have been obtained, specifying the sources of the financing, any conditions that must be met for such financing to be provided, the dates that such financing commitments end.

OBJECTION: Concord Steam objects to this data request on the grounds that:

- A. Concord Power and Steam, LLC is not a party to this proceeding under Puc 203.09 (b) and therefore not subject to discovery. Concord Steam Corporation is a separate entity and does not have legal authority to disclose Concord Power and Steam, LLC's confidential financial information.
- B. The "details concerning the financing commitments" of Concord Power and Steam, LLC and other information requested is confidential financial information that is not subject to disclosure under RSA 91-A:5, Puc 203.08, and Order No. 25,174.
- C. The information requested concerning Concord Power and Steam, LLC is not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence in this proceeding.
- D. The information requested concerning Concord Power and Steam, LLC is immaterial to this proceeding within the meaning of RSA 541-A:33, II.

RESPONSE:

My testimony was based on Concord Steam Corporation's Petition to Intervene in this proceeding which stated that:

"Concord Steam has been developing a wood-fired combined heat and power plant in Concord since 2007. The project has all of the necessary permits and approvals and has financing lined up."

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Response to First Set of Data Requests by PSNH

Date of Request: December 26, 2010 Date of Response: January 11, 2011

Witness: John Dalton

I have not been provided nor reviewed any of the financing commitments or other documents.

NHPUC Docket No. DE 10-195

Response to First Set of Data Requests by PSNH

Date of Request: December 26, 2010 Date of Response: January 11, 2011

Witness: John Dalton

REQUEST:

2. Ref. pg. 2, line 9, you stated that your professional experience includes "Development and oversight of numerous electricity market price forecasts across North America, including forecasts for the Independent System Operator of New England (ISO-NE) market in which PSNH participates." Please provide copies of all such market price forecasts you have developed since 2007 that include the New England market and/or ISO-NE.

OBJECTION: Concord Steam objects to this data request on the grounds that:

- A. The requested market price forecasts are confidential and proprietary information belonging to third parties that are not a party to this proceeding under Puc 203.09 (b) and therefore not subject to discovery.
- B. The market price forecasts belonging to third parties that have not been publicly disclosed are confidential financial information that is not subject to disclosure under RSA 91-A:5, Puc 203.08, and Order No. 25,174.
- C. Subject to the foregoing, Mr. Dalton will provide publicly disclosed market price forecasts developed since 2007 that include the New England market and/or ISO-NE.

RESPONSE:

Since 2007 I have developed or overseen the development of six electricity market price forecasts for the New England market. All but one of these forecasts is client confidential. The one publicly available forecast is attached.

Note that this forecast was prepared almost two years ago and as such does not reflect current market conditions or expectations regarding future prices.

Our electricity market price forecast is presented below.

- The table below presents our annual average energy market price forecast for the ISO-NE Mass Hub, Maine zone, and New Brunswick node for the 16-year period from 2010 to 2025.
 - ✓ All forecast values are in nominal US\$. We present our forecast in US\$ to avoid embedding a Canadian \$ to US \$ exchange rate in the analysis. This better allows for changes in exchange rates.
- The forecast indicates that energy prices are not forecast to return to the \$80/MWh level until 2017. These lower power prices are driven primarily by lower natural gas prices and the market's expectation that these relatively low natural gas price levels will be sustained. With increases in natural gas prices higher power prices are likely. This is a major forecast uncertainty which is evaluated further on the next several pages.

Annual Average Energy Prices (\$/MWh)

	maan Average E	Heigy i fices (4)	,
Year	Mass Hub	New Brunswick	Maine
2010	\$63	\$58	\$60
2011	\$68	\$63	\$64
2012	\$71	\$66	\$67
2013	\$73	\$67	\$69
2014	\$74	\$69	\$71
2015	\$76	\$70	\$72
2016	\$78	\$72	\$74
2017	\$80	\$74	\$76
2018	\$81	\$76	\$77
2019	\$83	\$77	\$79
2020	\$84	\$78	\$80
2021	\$86	\$80	\$82
2022	\$87	\$81	\$83
2023	\$89	\$82	\$84
2024	\$90	\$84	\$86
2025	\$92	\$86	\$88



NHPUC Docket No. DE 10-195

Response to First Set of Data Requests by PSNH

Date of Request: December 26, 2010 Date of Response: January 11, 2011

Witness: John Dalton

REQUEST:

10. Ref. pg. 5 line 2. Using the same analytical model, what would the after tax return on equity be for the Concord Steam and Power proposal. Please prepare and provide a version of Exhibit JCD-4 that models the Concord Steam proposal.

OBJECTION: Concord Steam objects to this request on the grounds that:

- A. This request seeks information from Concord Power and Steam, LLC. Concord Power and Steam, LLC is not a party to this proceeding under Puc 203.09 (b) and therefore not subject to discovery. Concord Steam Corporation is a separate entity and does not have legal authority to disclose Concord Power and Steam, LLC's confidential financial information.
- B. This request seeks confidential financial information that is not subject to disclosure under RSA 91-A:5, Puc 203.08, and Order No. 25,174.
- C. Concord Steam has already provided public documents responsive to this request.

RESPONSE:

To estimate the after return on equity an estimate of the project capital cost is required. I do not have and have not reviewed any capital cost estimates or other financial documents for the Concord Power and Steam, LLC project.

The capital cost estimate for the Laidlaw Project is not directly applicable given that "the existing infrastructure at the Facility provides a significant advantage in terms of the work involved in the construction of the the [sic] Berlin project as compared with a "Greenfield" project." (http://www.laidlawenergy.com/berlin-nh-project.html)

Laidlaw indicates that potential economies include: (1) installation of the bubbling fluidized bed in the existing Babcock & Wilcox boiler; (2) the installation of the backend emissions equipment; (3) construction of the turbine building and installation of the steam turbine generator; and (4) construction of the fuel yard and installation of wood handling equipment.

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Response to First Set of Data Requests by PSNH

Date of Request: December 26, 2010 Date of Response: January 11, 2011

Witness: John Dalton

The Concord Power and Steam, LLC project is likely to have its own economies such as the ability to use steam for district heating purposes.

The economies offered by these facilities are another reason why an RFP process would have been a more effective approach for ensuring that the PPA represents a cost-effective realization of the goals of RSA 362:F-9 to New Hampshire customers.

NHPUC Docket No. DE 10-195

Response to First Set of Data Requests by PSNH

Date of Request: December 26, 2010 Date of Response: January 11, 2011

Witness: John Dalton

REQUEST:

18. Ref. JCD-4, please provide the same analysis using Concord Power and Steam's pricing structure and project assumptions and resulting IRR.

OBJECTION: See Concord Steam's Objection to Request 10.

RESPONSE: Please see my response to PSNH 010.

EXHIBIT C

CONCORD STEAM RESPONSES TO REQUESTS TO MARK SALTSMAN

NHPUC Docket No. DE 10-195

Response to First Set of Data Requests by PSNH

Date of Request: December 26, 2010 Date of Response: January 11, 2011

Witness: Mark Saltsman

REQUEST:

27. Ref. pg. 4 line 22 through pg. 5 line 6. Please provide the basis and all supporting evidence for the numerous fuel prices noted.

RESPONSE:

Our wood costs are on file at the Public Utilities Commission. Concord Steam's most recent estimates and supporting information filed in NHPUC Docket No. DG 10-242 are attached to this response.

The prices paid by the other facilities are based on information provided to us from various wood suppliers.

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE BEFORE THE

Re: Concord Steam Corporation Cost of Energy

PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

DG 10-____

DIRECT PRE-FILED TESTIMONY OF PETER G. BLOOMFIELD

- 1 Q. Please state your name and address.
- 2 A. My name is Peter G. Bloomfield. My business address is P.O. Box 2520, Concord, NH
- 3 03302.
- 4 Q. How are you associated with Concord Steam Corporation?
- 5 A. I am President of Concord Steam Corporation (the "Company").
- 6 Q. Please describe your education and professional background.
- 7 A. I graduated from Union College in 1976 with a BS in Mechanical Engineering. I am a
- 8 registered Professional Engineer in New Hampshire, New York, and Colorado. I have
- been employed as an engineer in the steam and power industry since college. I became
- President of the Company in the fall of 1986.
- 11 Q. What is the purpose of your testimony?
- 12 A. The purpose of my testimony is to provide support for the Company's cost of energy
- request for the upcoming heating season. I will present documents and other information
- in support of the Company's request, and explain the development of the cost of energy
- 15 charges and a calculation of the proposed charge. The exhibits that I am presenting
- 16 consist of Schedules-1 to 8 as further described below.
- 17 Q. Please describe the Company and its customers.
- 18 A. Concord Steam provides district steam service from its facility at Pleasant Street in
- 19 Concord, NH, and is the only steam utility in New Hampshire. It has approximately 110
- customers, all of which are located in the City of Concord and all of which are
- commercial or institutional customers, with the exception of one residential customer.
- 22 Q. Are you familiar with the books and records of the Company?
- 23 A. Yes.

- 1 Q. Has this filing been prepared by you or under your supervision?
- 2 A. Yes.
- 3 Q. Will the proposed change to the Company's cost of energy charge have any effect on
- 4 the Company's profit, net income or rate of return?
- 5 A. No. This is a revenue neutral change.
- 6 Q. What is the current cost of energy charge?
- 7 A. The current cost of energy charge is \$19.89 per Mlb, as approved in Order No. 25,036.
- 8 Q. Why is the Company filing this cost of energy case?
- 9 A. The Company's projected cost of energy for the coming 12 months is less than the actual cost of the past 12 months, such that the currently approved rate is no longer reflective of its energy costs.
- Q. Are there any over or under charge adjustments that need to be made to the Cost of Energy for the upcoming year?
- 14 **A**. Yes, we are estimating that there will be an over charge of \$9,874 over the previous Cost of Energy period. This is a change from the 2009-2010 under charge of \$31,747. Due to decreased fuel costs, the Company is requesting a decrease in its energy charge to \$16.64/Mlb, as set forth in Schedule-1 to my testimony.
- 18 Q. Please explain Schedule -1.
- 19 A. Schedule-1 is a table that lists the amount of steam that the Company expects to sell for 20 the period of November 2010 through October 2011, as proformed. Also listed is the 21 amount of fuel and the cost of the fuel that the Company expects to consume for the same 22 period. Schedule-2 is the backup detail for Schedule-1.
- 23 Q. Please explain Schedules-3 and -4.

- A. Schedule-3 is the worksheet showing how the steam sales figures were proformed based on the 30-year degree day average. Schedule-4 is the reconciliation of energy cost versus revenue for the 2009-2010 season. This shows an expected \$9,874 over collection for the year.
- 5 Q. How will this change to the Company's cost of energy charge affect its customers?
- A. As set forth in Schedule-6 to my testimony, I estimate that the Company's customers will experience an approximate 4% overall decrease in their total bill. This is based upon an expected decrease in the Company's fuel costs for the upcoming year as set forth on Schedule-1.
- 10 Q. Why is the cost of energy changing this heating season?
- 11 A. The decrease in cost is due to decreases in the cost of all fuels: wood, oil and gas.
- 12 Q. Can oil and gasoline prices affect the price of wood for the Company?
- A. A change in the cost of diesel fuel will cause a corresponding increase or decrease in the cost of wood. The loggers use diesel fuel to operate the logging equipment as well as the delivery tractor trailer trucks. For every \$1.00/gal increase in diesel, the cost of wood increases \$2.00/ton. Wet weather can also cause an increase in the cost of wood fuel, due to production problems with working in wet forest lots.
- Q. What different factors can affect the collection of the correct amount of energycharges over the year?
- 20 A. Fluctuations in the amount of steam sold and in the cost of fuel.
- 21 Q. Are there any changes in types of fuel being used at Concord Steam?
- A. There have been no significant changes from the prior year. The Company has been burning wood since January 1, 2004. Wood has replaced oil and gas as the primary fuel.

although the Company still uses some oil and gas. The Company does expect to burn more natural gas this year and reduce the amount of oil burned due to the lower price of natural gas. The Company procures natural gas through a competitive bid process. This year the Company has contracted with Santa Energy. Approximately 70% of the steam is generated by burning wood in two of the four boilers used by the Company. The Company's other two boilers are used as peaking units, and can burn natural gas, waste oil and oil.

What are the expected savings due to burning wood instead of oil and gas?

A.

Q.

A.

The Company has entered into contracts for its wood supply that will result in an average delivered cost of approximately \$32/ton. Of this cost, approximately \$1.00 is for the actual cost of the wood, \$13.00 is for labor and chipping and \$12.00 for transport. A ton of wood is approximately equivalent to a barrel of oil in net steam energy out of the boiler. At the present cost of oil at \$88/bbl and gas at \$7.50/MMBtu, wood at \$32/ton is attractive and economical. The annual estimated savings to the Company's customers, including the allowance for additional direct costs associated with burning wood, is over \$600,000.

Q. Are there any changes in the Company's wood storage and handling systems?

No. The Company has been successfully operating the wood storage yard, and it has gone very well. The yard gives the Company better control over its wood supply and has allowed for some creative uses that have enabled the Company to keep the cost of wood fuel low. The yard also allows for better timing of deliveries of wood to the plant. In addition, by directly operating the wood yard, the Company has been able to use its employees more efficiently. Personnel work at the yard in the winter and are able to

1 work at the plant in the summer for maintenance.

2 Q. Are any of the costs associated with operation of the wood yard included in this

filing?

A. Yes. The lease of the yard and the direct cost of running the yard are included in the cost of wood fuel. The monthly lease payment for the wood yard is \$11,816. The direct costs are the maintenance of the equipment, diesel fuel for the front end loader and the delivery truck, and utilities for the yard. These estimated costs are itemized on Schedule-8. As reflected on Schedule-8, the expected use of diesel fuel will increase from the prior year due to more fuel being delivered to the yard and less direct to the plant due to the expected reduction in the BCAP program. In addition, the Company incurred \$900 in costs for a software consultant to modify the truck scale data base program to allow the system to accept additional suppliers and different grades of fuel. The cost of labor has not been included in the cost of wood fuel which is consistent with how the costs of operating the wood yard have been treated in prior cost of energy proceedings.

Q. What is the BCAP program and how does it affect wood supply?

A. Biomass Crop Assistance Program is a subsidy paid by USDA through FSA to wood fuel suppliers. This was a new program last year which ran from February through April of 2010 and resulted in our using more wood direct from the woods to the plant then was anticipated. As a result, we cycled less wood through the wood yard over a three month period of February through April.

Q. How will you accurately estimate the cost of fuel 12 months ahead?

A. The Company presently pre-purchases 25% of its wood fuel requirements and 90% of its fossil fuel requirements for the upcoming heating season. The remainder of the fuel is

priced according to the estimated cost of fuel as of the time of this filing. As the great
majority of the Company's consumption occurs during the heating season, any fuel cost
changes later in the Company's heating season will have a small effect on the annual
charge. The Company is pre-buying market wood now for use later in the heating
season. The wood the Company is buying now is being stored off site for reclamation
during the heating season. The Company is expecting wood to be over 70% of total fuel
consumed.

8 Q. How will a change of annual steam sales affect the recovery of the actual energy

9 costs?

15

10 A. If the Company sells less steam in a year than forecasted, the amount of energy consumed
11 is reduced as well. The reverse is also true, in that if sales increase, energy use would
12 increase. This means that variations in steam sales will have a limited effect on energy
13 recovery charges. A change in steam sales will result in a different mix of oil vs wood
14 fuel, which can change our cost forecasts.

Q. How much do steam sales vary from year to year?

A. Steam sales generally are within a plus or minus 5% range of the Company's projections.

Last heating season was well below average. The heating degree days were 88% of the

30 year average, and the steam sales were reduced accordingly.

19 Q. How did you calculate your steam sales projections?

A. I weather normalized the Company's actual steam sales from Aug/09 through July/10 to a
 30-year degree-day average. See Schedule-3.

22 Q. How will you account for over or under collection of annual energy costs?

23 A. The Company tracks costs all year, and if the cost of energy changes significantly from

1		expected, the Company will apply a cost of energy adjustment part way through the year
2		as authorized by the Commission. At the end of the energy cost adjustment year, the
3		Company reconciles revenues collected versus cost of fuel and will adjust the energy cost
4		calculation for the next year accordingly.
5	Q.	How did the collection of energy cost work out this past year? What was the
6		amount of over or under collection?
7	A.	The Company projects it will over collect \$9,874 for the period from 11/09 to 10/10,
8		which was less than 2% of its total energy charges for the year. This is itemized on
9		Schedule-4, with the detail shown on Schedule-5. This under collection is due to normal
10		fluctuations in fuel consumption, steam sales and fuel costs.
11	Q.	Has the number of customers changed over the past year?
12	A.	Not significantly. We are adding McCloud's Florist as of October, 2010 and have added
13		the Rundlett Middle school as of August 15, 2010.
14	Q.	What does the Company project for the upcoming heating season?
15	A.	The Company will try to minimize the amount of over or under collection by adjusting its
16		energy rates during the year as allowed by the Commission. In past years, the
17		Commission has authorized the Company to adjust its energy rates by +/- 20%.
18	Q.	When does the Company seek to implement this new rate?
19	A.	The Company is requesting to implement this rate on a service rendered basis as of
20		November 1, 2010.
21	Q.	Has the Company taken any steps to reduce losses of steam in its system?
22	A.	Yes. The Company has been continuing to repair and upgrade underground steam lines.
23		We are investigating a system which can insulate existing piping systems in place. We

will be submitting a plan to the Commission for approval to use Federal grant money to fund a complete steam system thermal study to better track and control system line losses.

4 Q. Is there anything else as part of this filing that you would like to explain?

Yes. As part of Commission Order 24,147, the Company is required to submit a cost benefit analysis of the steam turbine cogeneration operations. As of January of 2005, the "Cogen" division of the Company has been made part of the utility, and all of the costs and revenues from that operation are part of the regulated company. Order 24,147 requires the Company to justify that this combination makes economic sense. Schedules CB-1 through CB-5 provide the cost/benefit analysis with back up data.

11 Q. Has the electric power generation operation been cost effective?

12 A. Yes, from August 2009 to July 2010 the cogeneration system has saved the Company
13 (and ultimately its ratepayers) over \$50,000, from sales of excess electricity to ISO-NE
14 and from avoiding buying power from Unitil. This savings is after all costs, including
15 fuel, are taken into account.

16 Q. Has any progress been made on the new steam plant project?

17 A. Yes. The project has all of its city permits and the State and federal permits are well
18 under way. 73% of the power output of the facility has been sold under a 20 year
19 contract. The project has arranged financing, and is working to find a purchaser for the
20 remainder of the electricity and RECs from the facility, with the intent to start
21 construction this year. The new plant will be in service by Fall of 2012.

22 Q. Does this conclude your direct testimony?

A. Yes, it does.

	Projected Steam Sales Mlbs	Projected Fuel Use MMBtu	\$/MIb	Steam Revenue Energy	Cost of Energy	Projected Over/Unde Collection						
Nov-10	15,221	50,776	\$ 16.64	\$ 253,242	\$ 239,467	\$	13,776					
Dec-10	24,500	68,091	16.64	\$ 407,633	\$ 306,815	\$	100,818					
Jan-11	27,561	70,048	16.64	\$ 458,571	\$ 342,885	\$	115,685					
Feb-11	26,303	68,156	16.64	\$ 437,638	\$ 336,729	\$	100,910					
Mar-11	19,795	66,735	16.64	\$ 329,347	\$ 319,463	\$	9,883					
Apr-11	10,140	43,334	16.64	\$ 168,714	\$ 208,596	\$	(39,882)					
May-11	4,216	28,651	16.64	\$ 70,143	\$ 128,796	\$	(58,654)					
Jun-11	1,709	20,251	16.64	\$ 28,435	\$ 87,718	\$	(59,283)					
Jul-11	931	20,700	16.64	\$ 15,490	\$ 88,710	\$	(73,220)					
Aug-11	889	20,300	16.64	\$ 14,791	\$ 85,054	\$	(70,263)					
Sep-11	1,626	21,904	16.64	\$ 27,054	\$ 91,522	\$	(64,468)					
Oct-11	9,509	31,488	16.64	\$ 158,212	\$ 143,388	\$	14,824					
TOTAL	142,399	510,434		2,369,269	\$ 2,379,143		(9,874)					

Over collection from previous year 9,874

Total of Cost of Energy Charge 2,369,269

Energy Charge - \$ per Mlb \$ 16.64

Average COE charge for last year \$ 17.83

Percent reduction from last year 6.7%

Projected MMBtu's and Cost:

Pro	ected	MMBtu's
-----	-------	---------

_	Nat. Gas	Waste	#6 Resid	Waste+ #6	Wood	Total
Nov-10	9,670	1,000		1,000	40,106	50,776
Dec-10	10,087	1,000		1,000	57,004	68,091
Jan-11	12,031	1,000	2,000	3,000	55,017	70,048
Feb-11	12,756	1,000	1,800	2,800	52,600	68,156
Mar-11	9,453	1,000	2,000	3,000	54,282	66,735
Apr-11	5,385	500	1,800	2,300	35,649	43,334
May-11	5,216	500	-	500	22,935	28,651
Jun-11	1,719	0	500	500	18,032	20,251
Jul-11	1,500	0	500	500	18,700	20,700
Aug-11	1,100	200	300	500	18,700	20,300
Sep-11	1,350	300	200	500	20,054	21,904
Oct-11	6,400	500	-	500	24,588	31,488
-	76,667	7,000	9,100	16,100	417,668	510,434
				6.13		
	ģ	bls b			tons	
		1,167	1,468	2,597	49,137	

Projected Costs

		Nat. Gas Waste Oil #6 Resid Waste+ #6 Wood Total													
·	1	lat. Gas	N	laste Oil	#	aste+ #6		Wood		Total					
Nov-10	\$	77,728	\$	9,811	\$	•	\$	9,811	\$	151,928	\$	239,467			
Dec-10	\$	81,066	\$	9,811	\$	-	\$	9,811	\$	215,938	\$	306,815			
Jan-11	\$	96,630	\$	9,811	\$	28,032	\$	37,843	\$	208,412	\$	342,885			
Feb-11	\$	102,435	\$	9,811	\$	25,229	\$	35,040	\$	199,254	\$	336,729			
Mar-11	\$	75,993	\$	9,811	\$	28,032	\$	37,843	\$	205,627	\$	319,463			
Apr-11	\$	43,420	\$	4,906	\$	25,229	\$	30,134	\$	135,042	\$	208,596			
May-11	\$	37,010	\$	4,906	\$	-	\$	4,906	\$	86,881	\$	128,796			
Jun-11	\$	12,403	\$	-	\$	7,008	\$	7,008	\$	68,306	\$	87,718			
Jul-11	\$	10,864	\$	-	\$	7,008	\$	7,008	\$	70,838	\$	88,710			
Aug-11	\$	8,050	\$	1,962	\$	4,205	\$	6,167	\$	70,838	\$	85,054			
Sep-11	\$	9,809	\$	2,943	\$	2,803	\$	5,747	\$	75,967	\$	91,522			
Oct-11	\$	45,340	\$	4,906	\$	-	\$	4,906	\$	93,142	\$	143,388			
	\$	600,747	\$	68,678	\$	127,544	\$	196,222	\$	1,582,174	\$	2,379,143			

	Proje	cted m	ımbtu co	osts			Ave	rage oil		
	Gas		Waste		#6		#6+	waste	Wood	
\$/MMBtu	\$	6.02	\$	9.81	\$	14.02	\$	12.19	\$	3.79
	Deca	therm	Bbl		Bbl				Ton	
\$/unit	\$	6.02	\$	61.81	\$	88.30	\$	76.78	\$	32.20

Other production related costs not in COE
Ash disposal 28,070
State Air Permit fees 37,199
Water/Sewer 170,000
Total 235,269

DG 10 -Schedule-3

	Actual	Steam sold	Steam sold	New customers	Actual		Adjusted Base rate
	Sales Mlbs	non heating	heating		Deg Days	Deg Days	Sales
	2009/10		_		2009/10	30 yr ave	2008/09
Nov-09	12,298	1,500	10,798	1,420	697	794	15,221
Dec-09	22,692	1,500	21,192	1,700	1182	1188	24,500
Jan-10	24,708	1,500	23,208	1,600	1296	1366	27,561
Feb-10	23,431	1,500	21,931	1,420	1087	1159	26,303
Mar-10	14,034	1,500	12,534	1,080	715	982	19,795
Арг-10	7,863	1,500	6,363	640	474	596	10,140
May-10	3,575	1,500	2,075	500	196	299	4,216
Jun-09	1,709	1,709	-	-	97	85	1,709
Jul-09	931	931	-	-	36	16	931
Aug-09	889	889	-	-	36	35	889
Sep-09	1,226	1,226	-	400	223	184	1,626
Oct-09	10,066	1,500	8,566	530	591	516	9,509
TOTAL	123,421			9,290	6,630	7,220	142,399

Over/(Under) Collection: Beginning Balance Current Month Ending Balance	Cost of Energy:	Revenue:	
တ တ	lα	ω	
(31,747) (6,399) (38,146)	219,889	213,490	Nov-09
\$ (38,146 \$ 94,549 \$ 56,403	\$ 311,415	\$ 405,964	Dec-09
\$ 56,403 \$ 116,135 \$ 172,538	\$ 325,887	\$ 442.022	Jan-10
(31,747) \$ (38,146) \$ 56,403 \$ 172,538 \$ 347,234 \$ 346,889 (6,399) \$ 94,549 \$ 116,135 \$ 174,696 \$ (345) \$ (19,760) (38,146) \$ 56,403 \$ 172,538 \$ 347,234 \$ 346,889 \$ 327,129	S 219,889 \$ 311,415 \$ 325,887 \$ 244,476 \$ 251,414 \$ 160,420	\$ 213,490 \$ 405,964 \$ 442.022 \$ 419,173 \$ 251,069 \$ 140,660	Feb-10
8 S 34	6 \$ 25	3 \$ 25	Mar-10
7,234 \$ (345) \$ 6,889 \$	1,414 S	1,069 \$	
346,889 (19,760) 327,129		- 1	Apr-10
\$ 327,129 \$ 248,679 \$ 195,356 \$ 137,676 \$ 55,561 \$ (13,978) \$ (78,450) \$ (53,323) \$ (57,680) \$ (82,115) \$ (69,539) \$ 23,853 \$ 248,679 \$ 195,356 \$ 137,676 \$ 55,561 \$ (13,978) \$ 9,874	\$ 142,406 \$ 76,258 \$ 74,507 \$ 99,797 \$ 106,035 \$ 146,179	\$ 63,956	May-10
327,129 \$ 248,679 \$ 195,356 \$ 137,676 \$ 55,561 \$ (13,978) (78,450) \$ (53,323) \$ (57,680) \$ (82,115) \$ (69,539) \$ 23,853 248,679 \$ 195,356 \$ 137,676 \$ 55,561 \$ (13,978) \$ 9,874	\$ 76.258	63,956 \$ 22,935 \$ 16,827 \$ 17,682 \$ 36,495 \$ 170,031	Jun-10 Jul-10
\$ 195,356 \$ (57,680) \$ 137,676	\$ 74,507	\$ 16,827	Jul-10
\$ 137,676 \$ (82,115) \$ 55,561	\$ 99,797	\$ 17,682	(projected) Aug-10
\$ 55,561 \$ (69,539) \$ (13,978)	\$ 106,035	\$ 36,495	(projected) (projected) (projected) Aug-10 Sep-10 Oct-10
\$ (13,978) \$ 23,853 \$ 9,874	\$ 146,179	\$ 170,031	(projected) Oct-10

Purchased fuel costs:
Over/(Under) Collection 08/09:
Revenue requirement: Adjusted Revenue stream: 0 **69** 0 ₩ 2,158,683 (**31,747)** 2,190,430 2,200,304

Projected 2009-10 Over/(under) Collection: S

9,874

DG 10 -Schedule 5

Cost of Energy Nov-09 \$219,889 \$ 311,415 \$325,887 \$244,476 \$251,414 \$160,420 \$142,406 \$ Jan-10 Feb-10 Mar-10 Apr-10 May-10 Jun-10 76,258 \$ Jul-10 74,507 \$ Aug-10 G 60 Oct-10

Actual MMBtu's and Cost:

Other production related costs not in COE, but should be Ash disposal 28,070
State Air Permit fees 37,199
Water/sewer 170,586
Total 235,855

\$/MM8tu \$/Unit

Gas Was 7.87 \$
Decathern B
\$ 7.87 \$

Bbl 46.22 \$

#6/waste \$ 9.34 \$

Wood 4.35

Ton 57.25 \$ 37.00

Projected mmbtu costs
Gas Waste
7.22 \$

		(Energy Charge at	(Energy Charge at							COS	st year st based average	
Customer	Annual usage		new rate	09/	/10 average	N	1eter			ı	New rate	er	nergy cost	
Size	M/lbs		16.64		17.83		harge	Ва	se Rate		Total	4	ver 09/10	
Small	295	\$	4,908	\$	5,259	\$	60	\$	4,682	\$	9,650	\$	10,001 -3.51%	% decrease from last year
Medium	1201	\$	19,983	\$	21,411	\$	225	\$	17,595	\$	37,802	\$	39,231 -3.64%	% decrease from last year
Large	4797	\$	79,814	\$	85,519	\$	480	\$	65,959	\$	146,252	\$	151,958 -3.75%	% decrease from last year

Concord Steam Company Cost of Energy (COE) 2010-11 filing Revenue Summary

														(pro	jected)	(pro	jected)	(pr	ojected)
	 Nov-09	Dec-09	Jan-10	F	eb-10	Mar-10	Apr-10	May	-10	J۱	un-10	_	Jul-10	_A	ug-10	S	ep-10		Oct-10
Actual Mibs. Sold	12,298	22,692	24,708		23,431	14,034	7,863	3,	575		1,282		846		889		1 835		8.549
Actual Rate Per Mib.	\$ 17.36	\$ 17.89	\$ 17.89	\$	17.89	\$ 17.89	\$ 17.89	\$ 17	7.89	\$	17.89	\$	19.89	\$	19.89	\$	19.89	_\$_	19.89
Actual/Projected Revenues	\$ 213,490	\$ 405.964	\$ 442,022	\$	419,173	\$ 251,069	\$ 140,660	\$ 63,	956	\$	22,935	\$	16,827	\$ 1	17,682	\$ 3	6.495	\$	170.031

Projected Mibs. and Revenues:

Projected/Actual Mlbs. and Projected/Adjusted Revenues:

	Projected Mlbs.	Rate per Mib.		Projected Revenue \$		Ac	Actual/Projected Mibs.		Rate per Mlb.		Revenue \$	
Nov-09	15,516	\$	17.36	\$	269,360	Nov-09	12,298	\$	17.36	\$	213,490	
Dec-09	22.744	\$	17.89	\$	406,886	Dec-09	22,692	\$	17.89	\$	405,964	
Jan-10	30 612	\$	17.89	\$	547,640	Jan-10	24,708	\$	17.89	\$	442,022	
Feb-10	25 744	\$	17.89	\$	460,566	Feb-10	23,431	\$	17.89	\$	419,173	
Mar-10	21 361	\$	17.89	\$	382,153	Mar-10	14,034	\$	17.89	\$	251,069	
Apr-10	11,169	\$	17.89	S	199,812	Apr-10	7,863	\$	17.89	\$	140,660	
May-10	4 578	S	17.89	\$	81,908	May-10	3,575	\$	17.89	\$	63,956	
Jun-10	1,683	\$	17.89	\$	30,116	Jun-10	1,282	\$	17.89	\$	22,935	
Jul-10	931	\$	17.89	\$	16,656	Jul-10	846	\$	19.89	\$	16,827	
Aug-10	889	\$	17.89	\$	15,904	Aug-10	889	\$	19.89	S	17.682	
Sep-10	1,835	\$	17.89	\$	32,826	Sep-10	1.835	\$	19.89	\$	36.495	
Oct-10	8.549	\$	17.89	\$	152,934	Oct-10	8.549	\$	19.89	S	170.031	
Total	145,611	\$	17.83	\$	2,596,761	Total	122,000	\$	18.04	\$	2,200,304	

Estimated cost of Wood Yard Operations

Tons of wood per yea Delivered cost of mate		49,137 \$ 26.00	\$	1,277,572				
Yard Lease Diesel Fuel Yard/truck Electricity Loader rental	ing		\$ \$ \$	141,792 18,000 5,500 51,600	\$\$\$ \$\$	09 141,792 13,203 4,794 51,600	\$ \$	08 141,792 20,488 3,551
Mechanical repairs Small tools			\$ \$	500 180	\$ \$	518 22	\$ \$	828 160
Truck/Loader/scale m Contract Grinding/Har		е	\$ \$	13,305 18,000	\$ \$	13,477 13,214	\$ \$	21,075 34,129
Misc Prepaid Yard experience Propane heat Veh Registration Fees Cleaning supplies Software consultant Highway use tax Property tax	oenses		\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	500 3,500 1,535 180 160 900 550 26,600	***	14 3,167 1,559 - - - 550 24,371	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	464 20,987 1,447 180 160 900 550 26,410
Wood Broker			\$	35,000	\$	35,000	\$	35,000
Subt	otal		\$	317,802	\$	303,281	\$	308,120
Rental revenue		Capital Paving		(13,200)				
Total	net cost		\$	304,602				
Cost of	Yard ope	rations per ton	\$	6.20				
D	elivered c	ost of material	\$	26.00				
Total C	ost of wo	od fuel per ton	\$	32.20				

DG 10 -Concord Steam Cost-Benefit Ratio Summary

Cogen Turbines - Benefit - Cost Analysis Including Savings from Cogeneration of Electricity

Estimated cost to purchase all electricity from Unitil (If there was no self generation)	\$	193,123		
Cost of electricity with self generation	_			
Purchased power from Unitil	\$ - \$	86,657		
Cost to generate electricity	<u>\$</u>	119,850		
Subtotal all costs	\$	206,507		
Revenue from sale of power	\$	75, 133		
Net cost of electricity for CSC	\$	131,374		
Benefits: Sale of Electricity to ISO Savings from generating own electricity in lieu of purchasi Total Benefits from continuing Cogen	ing from Un	itil	\$ \$	75,133 106,466 181,599
Costs: Operating Expenses, Return and Fuel Costs for Self Gene	\$	119,850 119,850		
Benefits in Excess of Costs			\$	61,749
Benefit/Cost Ratio				1.52

Concord Steam Benefit Computation

Benefits

Sale of Power to ISO-New England:	
Volume of kWh's sold from 8/09 - 7/10	1,495,996
Revenues received	\$ 75,133
Rate per kWh	\$ 0.050
Estimated Cost if there was no Self Generation:	\$ 193,123
Savings from self-generation of Electricity:	
Power purchased from Unitil	\$ 86,657
Value of avoided power purchase from Unitil	\$ 106,466
Self generated Electricity Consumed (Excl. kWh purchased from Uniti	1,076,804
Average Unitil cost \$/kWh	\$ 0.10

Total Benefits from Sales to ISO and Self-Generation

Turbine Generator Operating/Maintenance Costs

S-7051 Consumables/Mech. \$ 765	Cost of Sales:	7/0	9-6/10	7/09-12/09	1/10-6/10
5-7052 Pipe fittings	5-7051 Consumables/Mech.	\$	765	433	332
Expenses: Payroll Maintenance - 40hrs @ \$25/hr \$ 1,000 Depreciation \$ 20,485 Amortization \$ 436 Property Tax \$ 1,016 Employer FICA \$ 77 Bank Fees	·	\$			
Expenses: Payroll Maintenance - 40hrs @ \$25/hr \$ 1,000 Depreciation \$ 20,485 Amortization \$ 436 Property Tax \$ 1,016 Employer FICA \$ 77 Bank Fees		\$			
Expenses: Payroll Maintenance - 40hrs @ \$25/hr \$ 1,000 Depreciation \$ 20,485 Amortization \$ 436 Property Tax \$ 1,016 Employer FICA \$ 77 Bank Fees		\$		109	
Expenses: Payroll Maintenance - 40hrs @ \$25/hr \$ 1,000 Depreciation \$ 20,485 Amortization \$ 436 Property Tax \$ 1,016 Employer FICA \$ 77 Bank Fees		\$	_		
Expenses: Payroll Maintenance - 40hrs @ \$25/hr \$ 1,000 Depreciation \$ 20,485 Amortization \$ 436 Property Tax \$ 1,016 Employer FICA \$ 77 Bank Fees	·	\$	33	33	
Expenses: Payroll Maintenance - 40hrs @ \$25/hr \$ 1,000 Depreciation \$ 20,485 Amortization \$ 436 Property Tax \$ 1,016 Employer FICA \$ 77 Bank Fees	5-7085 Rental Fees/Generator Maint.	\$	-		
Expenses: Payroll Maintenance - 40hrs @ \$25/hr \$ 1,000 Depreciation \$ 20,485 Amortization \$ 436 Property Tax \$ 1,016 Employer FICA \$ 77 Bank Fees	5-7095 Repair Parts/Mech.	\$	•	1189	269
Expenses: Payroll Maintenance - 40hrs @ \$25/hr \$ 1,000 Depreciation \$ 20,485 Amortization \$ 436 Property Tax \$ 1,016 Employer FICA \$ 77 Bank Fees	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$	58	58	
Expenses: Payroll Maintenance - 40hrs @ \$25/hr \$ 1,000 Depreciation \$ 20,485 Amortization \$ 436 Property Tax \$ 1,016 Employer FICA \$ 77 Bank Fees		<u>\$</u>		•	0
Payroll Maintenance - 40hrs @ \$25/hr \$ 1,000 Depreciation \$ 20,485 Amortization \$ 436 Property Tax \$ 1,016 Employer FICA \$ 77 Bank Fees Telephone \$ 600 Other Consultants Insurance/Plant \$ 6,281 Employees Ins. Med.,etc. \$ 200 Uniforms Total \$ 30,095 Total Revenue Deductions \$ 33,473 Net Operating Income (Loss) Before Taxes Federal Income Taxes Net Operating Income/(Loss) After Taxes Summary of Revenue Requirements: Rate Base \$ 144,044 Rate of Return 7.24% Allowed Return \$ 10,429 Net Operating Income, per above \$ - Revenue Requirements Deficiency/(Surplus) \$ 10,429	Total Cost of Sales	\$	3,378		
Depreciation \$ 20,485 Amortization \$ 436 Property Tax \$ 1,016 Employer FICA \$ 77 Bank Fees Telephone \$ 600 Other Consultants Insurance/Plant \$ 6,281 Employees Ins. Med.,etc. \$ 200 Uniforms Total \$ 30,095 Total Revenue Deductions \$ 33,473 Net Operating Income (Loss) Before Taxes Federal Income Taxes Net Operating Income/(Loss) After Taxes Summary of Revenue Requirements: Rate Base \$ 144,044 Rate of Return 7.24% Allowed Return \$ 10,429 Net Operating Income, per above \$ -	<u> </u>				
Bank Fees Telephone \$ 600 Other Consultants Insurance/Plant \$ 6,281 Employees Ins. Med.,etc. \$ 200 Uniforms Total \$ 30,095 Total Revenue Deductions \$ 33,473 Net Operating Income (Loss) Before Taxes Federal Income Taxes Net Operating Income/(Loss) After Taxes Summary of Revenue Requirements: Rate Base \$ 144,044 Rate of Return 7.24% Allowed Return \$ 10,429 Net Operating Income, per above \$ - Revenue Requirements Deficiency/(Surplus) \$ 10,429	- , ,	\$	•		
Bank Fees Telephone \$ 600 Other Consultants Insurance/Plant \$ 6,281 Employees Ins. Med.,etc. \$ 200 Uniforms Total \$ 30,095 Total Revenue Deductions \$ 33,473 Net Operating Income (Loss) Before Taxes Federal Income Taxes Net Operating Income/(Loss) After Taxes Summary of Revenue Requirements: Rate Base \$ 144,044 Rate of Return 7.24% Allowed Return \$ 10,429 Net Operating Income, per above \$ - Revenue Requirements Deficiency/(Surplus) \$ 10,429		\$	•		
Bank Fees Telephone \$ 600 Other Consultants Insurance/Plant \$ 6,281 Employees Ins. Med.,etc. \$ 200 Uniforms Total \$ 30,095 Total Revenue Deductions \$ 33,473 Net Operating Income (Loss) Before Taxes Federal Income Taxes Net Operating Income/(Loss) After Taxes Summary of Revenue Requirements: Rate Base \$ 144,044 Rate of Return 7.24% Allowed Return \$ 10,429 Net Operating Income, per above \$ - Revenue Requirements Deficiency/(Surplus) \$ 10,429		\$ •			
Bank Fees Telephone \$ 600 Other Consultants Insurance/Plant \$ 6,281 Employees Ins. Med.,etc. \$ 200 Uniforms Total \$ 30,095 Total Revenue Deductions \$ 33,473 Net Operating Income (Loss) Before Taxes Federal Income Taxes Net Operating Income/(Loss) After Taxes Summary of Revenue Requirements: Rate Base \$ 144,044 Rate of Return 7.24% Allowed Return \$ 10,429 Net Operating Income, per above \$ - Revenue Requirements Deficiency/(Surplus) \$ 10,429		\$ ¢			
Telephone Other Consultants Insurance/Plant Employees Ins. Med.,etc. Uniforms Total Solution Net Operating Income (Loss) Before Taxes Federal Income Taxes Net Operating Income/(Loss) After Taxes Summary of Revenue Requirements: Rate Base Rate of Return Allowed Return Allowed Return Net Operating Income, per above Revenue Requirements Deficiency/(Surplus) \$ 6,281 \$ 200 \$ 200 \$ 30,095 Total Revenue Taxes \$ 33,473 \$ 144,044 \$ 10,429 Per Principle Taxes \$ 144,044 \$ 10,429 \$ 10,429 Telephone \$ 10,429		P	//		
Other Consultants Insurance/Plant \$ 6,281 Employees Ins. Med.,etc. \$ 200 Uniforms Total \$ 30,095 Total Revenue Deductions \$ 33,473 Net Operating Income (Loss) Before Taxes Federal Income Taxes Net Operating Income/(Loss) After Taxes Summary of Revenue Requirements: Rate Base \$ 144,044 Rate of Return 7.24% Allowed Return \$ 10,429 Net Operating Income, per above \$ - Revenue Requirements Deficiency/(Surplus) \$ 10,429		¢	600		
Insurance/Plant \$ 6,281 Employees Ins. Med.,etc. \$ 200 Uniforms Total \$ 30,095 Total Revenue Deductions \$ 33,473 Net Operating Income (Loss) Before Taxes Federal Income Taxes Net Operating Income/(Loss) After Taxes Summary of Revenue Requirements: Rate Base \$ 144,044 Rate of Return 7.24% Allowed Return \$ 10,429 Net Operating Income, per above \$ - Revenue Requirements Deficiency/(Surplus) \$ 10,429	·	₽	000		
Employees Ins. Med.,etc. Uniforms Total Total Revenue Deductions Say,095 Total Revenue Deductions Net Operating Income (Loss) Before Taxes Federal Income Taxes Net Operating Income/(Loss) After Taxes Summary of Revenue Requirements: Rate Base Rate of Return Allowed Return Net Operating Income, per above Revenue Requirements Deficiency/(Surplus) \$ 200 \$ 30,095 Taxes \$ 134,045 \$ 10,429		\$	6.281		
Uniforms Total \$ 30,095 Total Revenue Deductions \$ 33,473 Net Operating Income (Loss) Before Taxes Federal Income Taxes Net Operating Income/(Loss) After Taxes \$	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$	•		
Total Revenue Deductions \$ 33,473 Net Operating Income (Loss) Before Taxes Federal Income Taxes Net Operating Income/(Loss) After Taxes \$ Summary of Revenue Requirements: Rate Base \$ 144,044 Rate of Return		•			
Net Operating Income (Loss) Before Taxes Federal Income Taxes Net Operating Income/(Loss) After Taxes Summary of Revenue Requirements: Rate Base Rate of Return Allowed Return Net Operating Income, per above Revenue Requirements Deficiency/(Surplus) \$ 10,429	Total	\$	30,095	•	
Federal Income Taxes Net Operating Income/(Loss) After Taxes Summary of Revenue Requirements: Rate Base \$ 144,044 Rate of Return 7.24% Allowed Return \$ 10,429 Net Operating Income, per above \$ - Revenue Requirements Deficiency/(Surplus) \$ 10,429	Total Revenue Deductions	\$	33,473		
Net Operating Income/(Loss) After Taxes \$ - Summary of Revenue Requirements: Rate Base \$ 144,044 Rate of Return 7.24% Allowed Return \$ 10,429 Net Operating Income, per above \$ - Revenue Requirements Deficiency/(Surplus) \$ 10,429	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
Summary of Revenue Requirements: Rate Base \$ 144,044 Rate of Return 7.24% Allowed Return \$ 10,429 Net Operating Income, per above \$ - Revenue Requirements Deficiency/(Surplus) \$ 10,429				•	
Rate Base \$ 144,044 Rate of Return 7.24% Allowed Return \$ 10,429 Net Operating Income, per above \$ - Revenue Requirements Deficiency/(Surplus) \$ 10,429	Net Operating Income/(Loss) After Taxes	<u>\$</u>	-	•	
Rate of Return Allowed Return Net Operating Income, per above Revenue Requirements Deficiency/(Surplus) 7.24% \$ 10,429	Summary of Revenue Requirements:				
Allowed Return \$ 10,429 Net Operating Income, per above \$ - Revenue Requirements Deficiency/(Surplus) \$ 10,429	Rate Base	\$	144,044		
Net Operating Income, per above \$ - Revenue Requirements Deficiency/(Surplus) \$ 10,429	Rate of Return		7.24%	_	
Revenue Requirements Deficiency/(Surplus) \$ 10,429	Allowed Return	\$	10,429		
	Net Operating Income, per above	\$	-		
·	Revenue Requirements Deficiency/(Surplus)	\$	10,429	•	
	*	<u> \$ </u>	17,531	•	

DG 10 -Concord Steam Cost

Costs

		Jan-10		Feb-10		Mar-10		Apr-10	May-10		Jun-10		Jul-09	Aug-09		Sep-09		Oct-09		Nov-09		Dec-09	Tota	1
Fuel:						·					_													
Total kWh's Generated		532,800		427,200		352,800		182,400	136,800		9,600		50,400	16,800		2,400		14,400		343,200		504,000	2,	572,800
Total kWh's Sold		292,687		205,897		161,465		81,438	35,459		1,467		49,805	15,429		3,369		15,155		337,445		296,380	1,4	495,996
\$ received from sales	S	18,997	\$	11,365	S	6,048	\$	2,902	\$ 1,526	\$	154	S	1,575	\$ 555	S	104	\$	696	\$	12,386	\$	18,825	\$	75,133
Btu's/kWh		4,000		4,000		4,000		4,000	4,000		4,000		4,000	4,000		4,000		4,000		4,000		4,000		4,000
Btu/Lb Steam @ 125 psig. 430 F		1,150		1,150		1,150		1,150	1,150		1,150		1,150	1,150		1,150		1,150		1,150		1,150		1,150
Total M Lbs of Steam		1,853		1,486		1,227		634	476		33		175	58		8		50		1,194		1,753		8,949
Fuel cost \$/MMBtu		4.06		4.17		5.21		5.29	5.76		6.33		5.35	5.71		6.03		5.24		5.06		4.78		
Fuel Cost per MLb	\$	7.79	\$	8.00	\$	9.99	S	10.14	\$ 11.05	\$	12.13	\$	10.25	\$ 10.94	\$	11.55	\$	10.04	\$	9.71	\$	9.16		
Total Fuel Cost of Steam	\$	14,430	\$	11,883	\$	12,257	_\$	6,431	\$ 5,256	\$	405	\$	1,796	\$ 639	\$	96	\$	503	\$	11,587	\$	16,052	\$	81,336
Total Fuel Cost of Steam	<u>s_</u>	14,430	\$	11,883	\$	12,257	\$	6,431	\$ 5,256	_\$_	405	\$	1,796	\$ 639	\$	96	s _	503	\$	11,587	\$	16,052	\$	81,336
Overhead:	s	2,789	s	2,789	5	2,789	\$	2,789	\$ 2,789	\$	2,789	\$	2,789	\$ 2,789	s	2,789	s	2,789	s	2,789	s	2,789	s	33,473
Total Overhead	\$	2,789	\$	2,789	\$	2,789	\$	2,789	\$ 2,789	\$	2,789	\$	2,789	\$ 2,789	\$	2,789	\$	2,789	\$	2,789	\$		\$	33,473
Return on Investment Rate Base Rate of Return																							\$	144,044 3.50%
Total Return on Investment	S	942	\$	942	\$	942	\$	942	\$ 942	\$	942	\$	942	\$ 942	\$	942	\$	942	\$	942	\$	942	\$	5,042
Grand Total Costs	\$	18,161	\$	15,614	\$	15,988	\$	10,162	\$ 8,987	\$	4,136	\$	5,527	\$ 4,370	\$	3,827	\$	4,234	\$	15,318	\$	19,783	\$	119,850

Total Volume kWh's

Rate per kWh

Purchased Power Costs Cost Benefit Analysis 09/15/2008

DG 10 -Concord Steam Purchased Power Costs

Schedule CB-5

	Purchased									
	Power	C	emand	1	Energy		Pelivery			Cost
	kWh	(Charge	(Charge		Charge		Total	\$/kWh
Jan-10	202	\$	1,839	\$	19	\$	4	\$	1,862	0.11
Feb-10	768	\$	1,930	\$	73	\$	15	\$	2,018	0.11
Mar-10	4,426	\$	2,485	\$	378	\$	87	\$	2,950	0.11
Apr-10	39,408	\$	1,988	\$	3,305	\$	771	\$	6,064	0.10
May-10	22,733	\$	1,988	\$	1,653	\$	445	\$	4,086	0.09
Jun-10	106,762	\$	1,988	\$	7,411	\$	2,089	\$	11,488	0.09
Jul-09	71,242	\$	2,235	\$	5,603	\$	1,550	\$	9,388	0.10
Aug-09	111,053	\$	1,967	\$	8,063	\$	2,198	\$	12,228	0.09
Sep-09	139,008	\$	1,938	\$	9,780	\$	2,720	\$	14,438	0.09
Oct-09	112,493	\$	1,938	\$	8,301	\$	2,201	\$	12,440	0.09
Nov-09	47,059	\$	2,298	\$	3,406	\$	921	\$	6,625	0.09
Dec-09	12,172	\$	1,850	\$	982	\$	238	\$	3,070	0.10
Total	667,326	\$	24,444	\$	48,974	\$	13,239	\$	86,657	

Average Cost/ \$ 0.10

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

Re: Concord Steam Corporation Cost of Energy

DG 10-242

SUPPLEMENTAL PRE-FILED TESTIMONY OF PETER G. BLOOMFIELD

1 Q. Please state your name and address.

12

- 2 A. My name is Peter G. Bloomfield. My business address is P.O. Box 2520, Concord, NH 03302.
- 4 Q. Have you previously filed testimony in this docket?
- 5 A. Yes. I filed direct testimony on September 10, 2010.
- 6 Q. What is the purpose of this supplemental testimony?
- A. I am filing supplemental testimony to provide additional information to the Commission regarding grant funds received by the Company during the prior heating season and to request that the Commission allow those funds to be used to improve the Company's steam distribution system.
- 11 Q. Please provide a detailed description of the grant funds received by the Company.
- 13 A. The United States Department of Agriculture, through the Farm Service Agency, has a 14 program that is intended to support and encourage the use of biomass as an energy 15 source. The program was funded for three months during the spring of 2010. The 16 Biomass Crop Assistance Program (BCAP) provides financial assistance to producers or 17 entities that deliver eligible biomass material to designated biomass conversion facilities 18 for use as heat, power, biobased products or biofuels. Initial assistance was provided for 19 the Collection, Harvest, Storage and Transportation (CHST) costs associated with the delivery of eligible materials. 20
- BCAP provides payment to those that collect, harvest, store and transport eligible
 biomass material. The payments are made at a rate of \$1 for every \$1 dollar (per ton dry
 ton equivalent) received from a qualified biomass conversion facility up to a maximum
 matching payment of \$20/dry ton. The owner may be a landowner, logger, trucker or

1		chipping facility.
2		In 2010, the USDA classified Concord Steam as a qualified biomass conversion facility.
3		Concord Steam participated in the BCAP program in the first few months of 2010.
4		Specifically, the Company shared in a 50/50 split of BCAP funds with the loggers that
5		supplied wood to Concord Steam in the spring of 2010. During this period, the Company
6		paid loggers \$20/ton for fuel for which it otherwise would have paid \$30/ton. The
7		loggers in turn were paid an additional \$20/ton by the Farm Service Agency, thereby
8		netting \$40/ton.
9	Q.	How much in grant funds did Concord Steam receive through this program?
10 11	A.	In total, Concord Steam received a total of \$94,699 from the Farm Service Agency in the
12		form of a subsidy from January 19, 2010 to April 30, 2010. This subsidy took the form
13		of reduced payments to the Company's wood suppliers.
14	Q.	How has the Company treated those funds for purposes of determining its cost of
15		energy for the 2009/2010 heating season?
16	A.	The Company's September 10, 2010 filing in this docket contained schedules calculating
17		its cost of energy for the upcoming heating season, which includes a reconciliation of
18		prior year expense. See Schedules 4 and 5 to September 10 Pre-filed direct testimony of
19		Peter Bloomfield. The calculation of the revenues from the 2009/2010 heating season are
20		based on the price of wood at \$30/ton for the prior heating season, and does not take into
21		account the subsidy the Company received in the months during which it paid \$20/ton for
22		wood.
23	Q.	Why didn't the Company included the actual cost of wood in its reconciliation of the

24

prior year's cost of energy?

The Company proposes to use the funds from the subsidy to improve the efficiency of its steam distribution system rather than apply these dollars as a one time reduction in energy costs. Specifically, the Company seeks to improve the effectiveness of the pipe insulation in its distribution system, and to spot steam leaks while still small. This will allow the Company to reduce line losses. While this will not result in an immediate reduction to customers' bills, it will result in steam savings which will take the form of reduced energy costs once the improvements are completed.

Q. How does the Company propose to use the funds?

Α.

Α.

The Company proposes to use the funds to purchase state of the art thermal imaging cameras to map and analyze every foot of steam line in its distribution system. The breakdown on the costs of the proposed equipment and the labor required to implement this first phase of the project is attached as Schedule 9.

By mapping and analyzing its system, the Company will be able to identify immediate problem areas of the system and establish a baseline. Once the baseline database is set, annual inspections with the thermal camera will enable Company personnel to locate and repair problems and leaks before they are large enough to spot by visible means. Once problem sections of piping are identified, a quantitative analysis will be done to determine the extent of the problem and the actual amount of heat loss. This will be done by the installation of meters to accurately measure steam losses. This phase of the proposed study is to measure the actual condensate flow from suspect areas of the system to achieve an accurate quantitative measure of heat loss from the piping sections, before and after insulation repair. The Company will accomplish this with the temporary installation of a condensate meter on the condensate trap discharge lines in the manholes

1		and with a new, very accurate steam flow meter measuring steam flow from the plant to
2		the underground steam distribution system.
3	Q.	How is this different than the Company's current approach to addressing system
4		losses?
5	A.	The Company is aware that there are areas of the steam system that are losing heat due to
6		failed insulation systems, but currently has no way of rating these locations in terms of
7		which ones are bad enough to require repair or which areas need to be repaired first.
8		Presently the Company will excavate a section of line if a leak or line failure is suspected
9		usually by visual indications of steam coming up from the ground. When the section of
10		line is opened, and the steam line is repaired, the insulation system for that section is
1		repaired or upgraded at that time.
12		With the remaining funds plus what ever additional subsidy grants the Company might
3		receive from the new BCAP program which may commence in October 2010, the
4		Company would reinsulate and repair the worst of the pipe insulation systems identified
5		in the study. The methods and techniques of reinsulation/repair/upgrade to the existing
.6		pipe insulation system would depend on the type of insulation system involved.
7	Q.	Please describe the types of pipe insulation in the Company's distribution system.
.8 .9	A.	There are four general types of steam lines insulation systems in service on our steam
20		distribution system. These insulation systems have changed as technology and laws
1		changed since the original steam system was installed in 1938.
22 23 24 25 26		1938 – 1960's (Asbestos insulation on the pipe, generally installed inside a terracotta or concrete pipe vault): This system is very stable and generally does a good job, although if other excavation is done near the terracotta, the tile tends to break and allow ground water into the duct. The method used to upgrade and repair of this type of system will depend on the condition of the tile/concrete pipe chase and the amount of space around
7		the existing insulation. The best method would be to inject a high temperature expanding

foam between the asbestos and the inside of the pipe chase. This encapsulates the Asbestos and significantly improves the thermal insulation.

1960's – 1980 (Protexulate and Wicolite): This is a loose bagged material that was poured over the steam line in the dirt trench. Over time, the material degrades and shifts, exposing the piping to soil. In some situations, the insulation causes the piping to bow and bend, causing operational problems of pooling of condensate. The only reasonable solution to upgrading this type of pipe insulation, depending on the size of the carrying pipe, is to either excavate the length of the line and reinsulate with Foamglas, or replace the carrying pipe entirely with a preinsulated, prefabricated system.

1980 – 1990 (Ricwil): Ricwil is a system that encases fiberglass pipe insulation inside a larger lightweight steel pipe. This comes factory assembled in 20 – 40 foot long pieces. The Company has had problems with this system when the outside protective steel pipe rusts and provides a hole for groundwater to enter the casing. The water causes the insulation to deteriorate and make it lose effectiveness. The best method for insulation repair would be to inject a high temperature expanding foam between the fiberglass insulation and the inside of the steel casing pipe. This encloses and seals the fiberglass and significantly improves the thermal insulation. However there may not be enough space between the existing fiberglass and the casing for this to work in all cases. If the conditions call for another approach, the entire pipe can be encased with an extra external casing and the expanding foam placed into that air space, or sections of the existing casing and insulation can be removed and reinsulated with Foamglas.

1990 – present (Foamglas with a Pittwrap cover, directly buried): This is a closed cell foam made from silica and glass. It is water proof and does not deteriorate over time. It can fail when sections of pipe have been stressed and caused to shift with very large amounts of ground water. However, the Company has found this to be very stable and long lasting, and is easy to patch in pieces to match with the other existing insulation systems. When installing new long piping runs such as the steam line to the Rundlett school, the Company is now using a pre-insulated piping system similar to the old Ricwil system. The new system has a Foamglas inner insulation layer, an air gap, a light gauge steel casing, a layer of high temperature polyurethane foam, and an outer PVC casing.

Depending on the type of piping system and its condition, the Company would repair sections of insulation using materials and techniques as conditions call for. The Company expects to improve the quality of the insulation and measurably reduce system line loss with these steps and with the help of the thermal imaging equipment and meters to identify the sections in most need of upgrade. Specifically, the Company projects that it will reduce system losses by 5% within the first year, and continue to improve the

2	Q.	What is the benefit to customers of the allocation of funds in this manner in lieu of a
3		one-time reduction to its cost of energy?
4	A.	If this proposal results in a reduction of line loss of 5%, the customers will see a
5		reduction in energy costs of almost \$40,000/yr, with a simple payback of less than 2.5
6		years. If the study results in a reduction of 12% of line loss, the program will save over
7		\$95,000/yr, paying back the invested funds in less than a year. This is detailed in
8		Schedule 10.
9	Q.	What happens if the Company starts this program but does not receive further
10		funding from the Farm Service Agency?
11	A.	The equipment and baseline data will still be of critical use in maintaining the steam
12		system. If no further funds are received, then major overhaul and repairs to the insulation
13		systems will need to be postponed until cash flow allows for the system upgrades.
14	Q.	Why doesn't the Company purchase the necessary equipment and fund the labor
15		costs to begin these improvements?
16	A.	The Company does not have excess capital (or access to no-cost capital) to otherwise
17		fund this project. The receipt of the Farm Service Agency funds has provided a unique
18		opportunity to the Company to make necessary upgrades to its steam system without
19		incurring the costs of borrowing capital to do so.
20	Q.	If the Company were to credit customers for the Farm Service Agency subsidy, how
21		would that affect the rates being charged for the upcoming 2010/2011 heating
22		season?
23	A.	The Company has revised Schedule 1 from its September 10 filing to reflect the impact

system from there.

1

- of the application of the subsidy to the reconciliation of the prior year's fuel costs. As reflected on this schedule, this would result in an approximate \$0.67/Mlb or a 4% reduction in energy cost or a 1.9% reduction in total steam cost, including base rate. Given the significant benefit that would be achieved by reducing line losses on the Company's system, the Company believes that use of the funds for distribution system losses is reasonable and in the public interest.
- 7 Q. Does this conclude your supplemental direct testimony?
- 8 A. Yes, it does.

Concord Steam Corporation Cost Of Energy (COE)

	Projected Steam Sales Mlbs	Projected Fuel Use MMBtu	\$/Mlb	Steam Revenue Energy	Cost of Energy	0	Projected ver/Under Collection
Nov-10	15,221	50,776	\$ 15.97	\$ 243,120	\$ 239,467	\$	3,654
Dec-10	24,500	68,091	15.97	\$ 391,340	\$ 306,815	\$	84,525
Jan-11	27,561	70,048	15.97	\$ 440,242	\$ 342,885	\$	97,356
Feb-11	26,303	68,156	15.97	\$ 420,146	\$ 336,729	\$	83,418
Mar-11	19,795	66,735	15.97	\$ 316,183	\$ 319,463	\$	(3,281)
Apr-11	10,140	43,334	15.97	\$ 161,970	\$ 208,596	\$	(46,626)
May-11	4,216	28,651	15.97	\$ 67,339	\$ 128,796	\$	(61,457)
Jun-11	1,709	20,251	15.97	\$ 27,298	\$ 87,718	\$	(60,420)
Jul-11	931	20,700	15.97	\$ 14,871	\$ 88,710	\$	(73,839)
Aug-11	889	20,300	15.97	\$ 14,200	\$ 85,054	\$	(70,854)
Sep-11	1,626	21,904	15.97	\$ 25,972	\$ 91,522	\$	(65,550)
Oct-11	9,509	31,488	15.97	\$ 151,888	\$ 143,388	\$	8,500
TOTAL	142,399	510,434		2,274,570	\$ 2,379,143		(104,573)

Subsidy from BCAP program	\$ 94,699
Over collection from previous year	9,874

Energy Charge with BCAP - \$ per Mlb	\$ 15.97
Total of Cost of Energy Charge	2,274,570

Energy Charge without BCAP- \$ per Mlb	\$ 16.64
Total of Cost of Energy Charge	2,369,269

Average COE charge for last year \$	17.83
Percent reduction from last year with BCAP	10.4%
Percent reduction from last year without BCAP	6.7%

Concord Steam Corporation Cost Of Energy (COE)				DG 10 -242 Schedule 9
BCAP grant Energy efficiency study				
System thermal heat loss analysis and setting of baseline				
Materials				
Thermal imager camera			\$ 10,000	
Condensate meter Instrumentation Condensate reciever/pump Pipe, fittings, misc.			\$ 3,500 \$ 1,000 \$ 3,500 \$ 800	
Main line steam flow meter	Subtotal		\$ 10,000	\$ 28,800
Labor Engineering Modify and upgrade Autocad system map to integrate with thermal data base. Establish procedures and schedule of sections to investigate Field work Mechanics/pipefitter (Assume installation and removal of condensate meter 5 times) Install temporary high temp condensate meter in manholes Install condensate receiver/pump Install main line steam flow meter	hours 200 50 500 Subtotal 40 40 12 Subtotal	30 30 30 45	\$ 6,000 \$ 1,500 \$ 15,000 \$ 1,800 \$ 1,800 \$ 540	\$ 22,500 \$ 4,140
TOTAL				\$ 55,440

Concord Steam Corporation Cost Of Energy (COE)

DG 10 -242 Schedule 10

2000			Mlbs
2009 Total Steam generated Line loss (Unaccounted for) Used in plant Steam sold			277,857 90,992 50,865 136,001
Estimated line loss reduction	5%		4,550
Percent of total generation			1.6%
Projected COE for 2011		\$ 2,	264,696
Amount of BCAP subsidy		\$	94,699
Projected annual savings in COE # years payback ROI		\$	37,082 2.55 39%

Concord Steam Corporation Cost of Energy (COE) DG 10-242 2010-11 Summary

	Nov-10	Dec-10	Jan-11	Feb-11	Mar-11	Apr-11	May-11	Jun-11	Jul-11	Aug-11	Sep-11	Oct-11	
Revenue:	\$ 233,708 \$		- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-	
Cost of Energy:	\$ 214,313 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$		
Over/(Under) Collection: Beginning Balance Current Month Ending Balance	\$ 12,335 \$ \$ 19,395 \$ \$ 31,730 \$	- \$ - \$	- \$ - \$ - \$	- \$ - \$	- \$ - \$ - \$	- \$ - \$ - \$	- \$ - \$	- \$ - \$	- \$ - \$ - \$	- \$ - \$ - \$	- \$ - \$	-	
*Adjusted Annual Purchased fuel costs: *Adjusted Annual Revenue requirement: *Adjusted Annual Revenue stream:	\$ 2,353,990 \$ 2,341,655 \$ 2,349,961												
Monthly Projection of Year-End Over/(under) Collection:	\$ 8,306 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-	
Current COE Year-End Projection:													
Purchased fuel costs: REVISED Over/(Under) Collection: Revenue requirement:	\$ 2,353,990 \$ 12,335 (CC \$ 2,341,655	DE final 2009-10	reconciliatio	ı report)									
Revenue stream:	\$ 2,349,961												
Over/(under) collection:	\$ 8,306												

^{*}Adjusted costs, revenues and requirements (lines A19 - A21) are representing the annual projection of each line item adjusted for the current and previous months actual fuel costs and revenues

Concord Steam Company Cost of Energy (COE) DG 10-242 2010-11 Revenue Summary

	***************************************	Nov-10	 Dec-10	Jan-11	 Feb-11	 Mar-11	Apr-11	 May-11	Jun-11	Jι	I-11	Aug-11	 Sep-11	 Oct-11
		44045												
Actual Mlbs. Sold		14,045	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Actual Rate Per Mlb.	\$	16.64	\$ 16.64	16	.64 \$	16.64	\$ 16.64	\$ 16.64						
Actual Extended Revenues	\$	233,708	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - :	3	. \$	-	\$ -	\$ -

Projected Mlbs. and Revenues:

Projected/Adjusted Mlbs. a	nd Projected/Adjusted	Revenues:
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	Projected Mlbs.	R	ate per Mlb.		Projected Revenue \$		Adjusted Mlbs.	F	late per Mib.		Adjusted Revenue \$
Nov-10	15,221	\$	16.64	\$	253,269	Nov-10	14.045	\$	16.64	s	233,708
Dec-10	24,500	\$	16.64	\$	407,677	Dec-10	24,500	Š	16.64	Š	407,677
Jan-11	27,561	\$	16.64	5	458,619	Jan-11	27,561	\$	16.64	\$	458,619
Feb-11	26,303	\$	16,64	\$	437,685	Feb-11	26,303	S	16.64	ŝ	437,685
Mar-11	19,795	\$	16.64	\$	329,382	Mar-11	19.795	\$	16.64	S	329,382
Apr-11	10,140	\$	16.64	\$	168,732	Apr-11	10,140	\$	16.64	S	168,732
May-11	4,216	\$	16.64	\$	70,150	May-11	4,216	ŝ	16.64	s	70,150
Jun-11	1,709	\$	16.64	\$	28,438	Jun-11		S	16.64		28,438
Jul-11	931	\$	16.64	\$	15,492	Jul-11	931	Š	16.64	ŝ	15,492
Aug-11	889	\$	16.64	\$	14,793	Aug-11	889	\$	16.64		14,793
Sep-11	1,626	\$	16.64	\$	27,057	Sep-11	1,626	\$	16.64	s	27,057
Oct-11	9,509	\$	16.64	\$	158,229	Oct-11	9,509	\$	16.64	Š	158,229
Total	142,399	\$	16.64	\$	2.369,522	Total	141,224	\$	16.64	\$	2.349.961

Concord Steam Corporation Cost of Energy (COE) DG 10-242 2010-11 Purchased Fuel Costs

Purchased F	uel Costs																					
				Nov-10	Dec-10)	Jan-11		Feb-11		Mar-11	 Apr-11	May-11		Jun-11		Jul-11		Aug-11		Sep-11	Oct-11
Cost of Ener	ах			\$ 214,313 \$	306,815	\$	342,885	\$	336,729	\$	319,463	\$ 208,596	\$ 128,796	\$	87,718	\$	88,710	\$	85,054	\$	91,522 \$	143,388
Actual MMBt	u's and Co	st:																				.,
_	Cost of Energy																					
	Nat. Gas	vvaste + #6	Wood	Total		Na	t. Gas	Was	te + #6		Wood	 Total		N	at. Gas	Wa					Total	
Dec-10 Jan-11 Feb-11 Mar-11 Apr-11 May-11 Jun-11 Jul-11 Aug-11	10,513	257	29,503	40,272		\$	86,574	\$	2,013	\$	125,726	\$ 214,313		***	81,066 96,630 102,435 75,993 43,420 37,010 12,403 10,864	***	9,811 37,843 35,040 37,843 30,134 4,906 7,008 7,008	****	215,938 208,412 199,254 205,627 135,042 86,881 68,306 70,838	***	214,313 306,815 342,885 336,729 319,463 208,596 128,796 87,718 88,710	
														\$	9,809		5,747					
Total	10,513	257	29,503	40,272		\$	86,574	\$	2,013	\$	125,726	\$ 214,313	-	\$	45,340	\$	4,906	\$				
				Actual mmbtu costs	\$/MMBtu	\$	8.24	\$	7.85	\$	4.26	\$ 5.32	•							<u> </u>	,000,000	
						therm \$		Bbl \$	48.10	Ton \$	36.22											

Projected MMBtu's and Cost:

_			Projected MM	lBtu's									Drainat	0					
_	Nat. Gas	Waste	#6 Resid	Waste+#6	Wood	Total		N:	at. Gas	10/	aste Oil		Projecto #6 Resid						
Nov-10	9,670	1,000		1,000	40,106	50,776	-	\$	77,728		9,811	<u> </u>		\$	aste+ #6		Wood		Total
Dec-10	10,087	1,000		1,000	57,004	68.091		¢	81.066		9,811	-	-	Þ	9,811	\$	151,928	\$	239,467
Jan-11	12,031	1,000	2,000	3,000	55.017	70,048		6	95,630			\$	-	\$	9,811	\$	215,938		306,815
Feb-11	12,756	1,000	1,800	2,800	52,600	68,156		φ.			9,811	\$	28,032	\$	37,843	\$	208,412	\$	342,885
Mar-11	9,453	1,000	2,000	3,000	54,282	66,735		φ e	102,435	\$	9,811	\$	25,229	\$	35,040	\$	199,254	\$	336,729
Apr-11	5,385	500	1,800	2,300	35,649			\$	75,993		9,811	\$	28,032	\$	37,843	\$	205,627	\$	319,463
May-11	5,216	500	1,000	500	22,935	43,334		\$	43,420		4,906	\$	25,229	\$	30,134	\$	135,042	\$	208,596
Jun-11	1.719	0	500			28,651		\$	37,010	\$	4,906	\$	-	\$	4,906	\$	86,881	\$	128,796
Jul-11	1,500	0		500	18,032	20,251		\$	12,403	\$	-	\$	7,008	\$	7,008	\$	68,306	Ś	87.718
Aug-11	1,100	200	500	500	18,700	20,700		\$	10,864	\$	-	\$	7,008	\$	7,008	\$	70,838	s	88,710
			300	500	18,700	20,300		\$	8,050	\$	1,962	\$	4,205	\$		\$	70,838	¢	85.054
Sep-11	1,350	300	200	500	20,054	21,904		\$	€,809	\$	2,943	\$	2,803	\$		\$	75,967	\$	91,522
Oct-11 _	6,400	500		500	24,588	31,488	_	\$	45,340	\$	4,906	Š	2,000	\$	4,906	4	93,142	φ.	
	76,667	7,000	9,100	16,100	417,668	510,434	•	\$	60C,747	\$	68.678	ŝ	127,544	ψ	196,222	\$ 1		<u> </u>	143,388
											00,070	Ψ_	121,044	Ψ_	130,222	Φ 1	,582,174	<u> </u>	2,379,143
				Р	rojected mmbtu cos	sts	\$/MMBtu	\$	7.84	\$	9.81	\$	14.02	\$	12.19	\$	3.79	\$	4.66
								therm	1	Bbl		BbI				Ton			
								\$	0.78	\$	62.79	\$	89.70	\$	74.71	\$	32.20		

NHPUC Docket No. DE 10-195

Response to First Set of Data Requests by PSNH

Date of Request: December 26, 2010 Date of Response: January 11, 2011

Witness: Mark Saltsman

REQUEST:

28. Ref. pg. 6, lines 8 – 9. Please provide all documents, studies or analyses you relied on in reaching your conclusion that wood prices will increase to over \$40 per ton as soon as Laidlaw begins stockpiling wood.

RESPONSE:

The conclusion is based on our experience in the market as purchasers of wood fuel and historical indicators as set forth in the attachments to my testimony. I did not rely on any documents, studies or analyses.

NHPUC Docket No. DE 10-195

Response to First Set of Data Requests by PSNH

Date of Request: December 26, 2010 Date of Response: January 11, 2011

Witness: Mark Saltsman

REQUEST:

29. Ref. pg. 6 line 16, you testify that "Concord Steam expects that the increase in fuel demand caused by Laidlaw will increase the cost of wood to Concord Steam by at least 50% and possibly as much as 100%." Did CSC prepare, or have prepared on it behalf, any studies that support these expected price increases? If so, please supply copies of all such studies.

OBJECTION: See Concord Steam's Objection to Request 10.

RESPONSE:

No. See Response to Request 28.

NHPUC Docket No. DE 10-195

Response to First Set of Data Requests by PSNH

Date of Request: December 26, 2010 Date of Response: January 11, 2011

Witness: Mark Saltsman

REQUEST:

30. Please provide any and all wholesale market energy price projections and natural gas price projections in the possession of CSC that are not older than 1/1/2008.

OBJECTION: See Concord Steam's Objection to Request 10.

RESPONSE:

Concord Steam Corporation projects natural gas prices as a part of its Cost of Energy filing at the PUC each year to which reference should be made. Concord Steam's most recent cost energy filing is provided in response to PSNH Request No. 27.

Concord Steam Corporation does not have any additional information responsive to this request.

NHPUC Docket No. DE 10-195

Response to First Set of Data Requests by PSNH

Date of Request: December 26, 2010 Date of Response: January 11, 2011

Witness: Mark Saltsman

REQUEST:

31. Please provide any and all Forward Capacity Market (FCM) price projections in the possession of CSC that are not older than 1/1/2008.

OBJECTION: See Concord Steam's Objection to Request 10.

RESPONSE:

Concord Steam Corporation does not have any of this information.

NHPUC Docket No. DE 10-195

Response to First Set of Data Requests by PSNH

Date of Request: December 26, 2010 Date of Response: January 11, 2011

Witness: Mark Saltsman

REQUEST:

32. Please provide any and all renewable energy certificate (REC) price projections in the possession of CSC that are not older than 1/1/2008.

OBJECTION: See Concord Steam's Objection to Request 10.

RESPONSE:

Concord Steam Corporation does not have any of this information.

NHPUC Docket No. DE 10-195

Response to First Set of Data Requests by PSNH

Date of Request: December 26, 2010 Date of Response: January 11, 2011

Witness: Mark Saltsman

REQUEST:

33. Please provide copies of all offers, counter offers, proposals, bids, etc. that are not older than 1/1/2008 made by CSC for the sale of energy, capacity and RECs from its present facility, or from its proposed new facility.

OBJECTION: See Concord Steam's Objection to Request 10.

RESPONSE:

Concord Steam Corporation did not make any offers, counter offers, proposals or bids for the sale of energy, capacity or RECs. See my responses to PSNH 27 and 43.

NHPUC Docket No. DE 10-195

Response to First Set of Data Requests by PSNH

Date of Request: December 26, 2010 Date of Response: January 11, 2011

Witness: Mark Saltsman

REQUEST:

35. Please provide any and all wood price projections in the possession of CSC that are not older than 1/1/2008.

OBJECTION: See Concord Steam's Objection to Request 10.

RESPONSE:

Concord Steam Corporation projects wood fuel prices as a part of its Cost of Energy filing at the PUC each year to which reference should be made.

See Concord Steam Corporation's Response to PSNH Request No. 27.

NHPUC Docket No. DE 10-195

Response to First Set of Data Requests by PSNH

Date of Request: December 26, 2010 Date of Response: January 11, 2011

Witness: Mark Saltsman

REQUEST:

36. Please provide any estimates or forecast prices of Massachusetts, Connecticut or Rhode Island Class I RECs in the possession of CSC that are not older than 1/1/2008.

OBJECTION: See Concord Steam's Objection to Request 10.

RESPONSE:

Concord Steam Corporation does not have any of this information.

NHPUC Docket No. DE 10-195

Response to First Set of Data Requests by PSNH

Date of Request: December 26, 2010 Date of Response: January 11, 2011

Witness: Mark Saltsman

REQUEST:

37. Provide copies of the models or other analyses or studies and all documents utilized or relied upon by CSC in development of its offer to PSNH contained in the term sheet referenced and attached to Mr. Dalton's testimony, including but not limited to, models, forecasts and analyses of the electric, capacity, fuel and REC markets.

OBJECTION: See Concord Steam's Objection to Request 10.

RESPONSE:

Concord Steam Corporation does not have any of this information. Concord Steam Corporation did not make any offer to PSNH.

NHPUC Docket No. DE 10-195

Response to First Set of Data Requests by PSNH

Date of Request: December 26, 2010 Date of Response: January 11, 2011

Witness: Mark Saltsman

REQUEST:

39. Ref. pg. 8, line 19. Please provide a list of the wood-fired IPPs in New Hampshire who have a power sale contract in place for 2011.

OBJECTION: Concord Steam objects to this request on the grounds that this request calls for documents or information beyond Concord Steam's knowledge or control.

RESPONSE:

Concord Steam Corporation is not privy to the contractual relationships enjoyed by the IPPs and any knowledge it may have concerning power sales contracts is anecdotal. According to its Response to OCA-003, PSNH had long-term PPAs with Bethlehem and Tamworth, both of which expire in December 2010 and a short-term agreement with Alexandria. It is our understanding that, with these exceptions, the IPPS sell energy in the ISO-NE day ahead auctions.

NHPUC Docket No. DE 10-195

Response to First Set of Data Requests by PSNH

Date of Request: December 26, 2010 Date of Response: January 11, 2011

Witness: Mark Saltsman

REQUEST:

40. Ref. pg. 8, line 19. For the IPPs identified in response to question 4, please describe why those IPPs were able to find a buyer for their output, while others have not.

OBJECTION: See Concord Steam's Objection to Request 39.

RESPONSE:

Concord Steam Corporation was not a party to these negotiations and is unaware of any such agreements. therefore, it is not able to answer this question.

NHPUC Docket No. DE 10-195

Response to First Set of Data Requests by PSNH

Date of Request: December 26, 2010 Date of Response: January 11, 2011

Witness: Mark Saltsman

REQUEST:

43. Ref. pg. 12, line 8, the testimony describes a price level in which it is uneconomical for Concord Steam to run on wood. What are the assumptions on future wood pricing used to assess the decision to expand the size of the current facility?

OBJECTION: See Concord Steam's Objection to Request 10.

RESPONSE:

Concord Steam Corporation is not expanding its facility. The new facility will be owned and operated by Concord Power and Steam, LLC, that is a distinct legal entity under an agreement approved by the Commission in Docket No. DG 08-107 (see attached).

Concord Power and Steam, LLC's wood pricing assumptions, its equity partners and other financial documents are confidential.

Concord Steam Corporation has provided a cost benefit analysis concerning the use of wood fuel in response to PSNH Request No. 27.

NHPUC Docket No. DE 10-195

Response to First Set of Data Requests by PSNH

Date of Request: December 26, 2010 Date of Response: January 11, 2011

Witness: Mark Saltsman

REQUEST:

52. Why does Concord Power and Steam seek a 20 year fixed price long-term PPA from PSNH?

OBJECTION: See Concord Steam's Objection to Request 10.

RESPONSE:

Concord Power and Steam, LLC is not a party to this Docket. See Responses to Requests 27 and 43. Concord Steam Corporation does not purport to represent Concord Power and Steam's interests or to speak on its behalf. Concord Steam Corporation intervened because of its concerns about the impact of the PPA on wood prices and the effect on its ratepayers.

NHPUC Docket No. DE 10-195

Response to First Set of Data Requests by PSNH

Date of Request: December 26, 2010 Date of Response: January 11, 2011

Witness: Mark Saltsman

REQUEST:

53. Referencing the Term Sheet for Purchase of Power for Concord Power & Steam provided in John Dalton's testimony, did Concord Power and Steam have any knowledge of the Laidlaw PPA at the time it submitted its proposal?

OBJECTION: See Concord Steam's Objection to Request 10.

RESPONSE:

To the best of my knowledge, the pricing terms of the Laidlaw PPA were not known until the Commission ordered them to be disclosed on November 12, 2010, long after CPS submitted its proposal to the PUC in July of 2009.

NHPUC Docket No. DE 10-195

Response to First Set of Data Requests by PSNH

Date of Request: December 26, 2010 Date of Response: January 11, 2011

Witness: Mark Saltsman

REQUEST:

54. Referencing the Term Sheet for Purchase of Power for Concord Power & Steam provided in John Dalton's testimony, did Concord Power and Steam have any knowledge of any other proposals being submitted to PSNH at the time it submitted its proposal? If so, what level of knowledge was known?

OBJECTION: See Concord Steam's Objection to Request 10.

RESPONSE:

It is my understanding that it was aware of the proposal of CPD.

NHPUC Docket No. DE 10-195

Response to First Set of Data Requests by PSNH

Date of Request: December 26, 2010 Date of Response: January 11, 2011

Witness: Mark Saltsman

REQUEST:

55. Referencing the Term Sheet for Purchase of Power for Concord Power & Steam provided in John Dalton's testimony, please provide the names of companies that Concord Power and Steam provided bids to between 2008 and 2010 and the status of each of the bids.

OBJECTION: See Concord Steam's Objection to Request 10.

RESPONSE:

NHPUC Docket No. DE 10-195

Response to First Set of Data Requests by PSNH

Date of Request: December 26, 2010 Date of Response: January 11, 2011

Witness: Mark Saltsman

REQUEST:

56. Referencing the Term Sheet for Purchase of Power for Concord Power & Steam provided in John Dalton's testimony, why does Concord Power and Steam seek a 20 year fixed price long-term PPA from PSNH?

OBJECTION: See Concord Steam's Objection to Request 10.

RESPONSE:

See Response to Request 52.

NHPUC Docket No. DE 10-195

Response to First Set of Data Requests by PSNH

Date of Request: December 26, 2010 Date of Response: January 11, 2011

Witness: Mark Saltsman

REQUEST:

57. Referencing the Term Sheet for Purchase of Power for Concord Power & Steam provided in John Dalton's testimony, please provide the wood price forecast and assumptions used to develop the PPA proposal.

OBJECTION: See Concord Steam's Objection to Request 10.

RESPONSE:

NHPUC Docket No. DE 10-195

Response to First Set of Data Requests by PSNH

Date of Request: December 26, 2010 Date of Response: January 11, 2011

Witness: Mark Saltsman

REQUEST:

58. Referencing the Term Sheet for Purchase of Power for Concord Power & Steam provided in John Dalton's testimony, please provide the Class I REC market forecast and assumptions used to develop the PPA proposal.

OBJECTION: See Concord Steam's Objection to Request 10.

RESPONSE:

NHPUC Docket No. DE 10-195

Response to First Set of Data Requests by PSNH

Date of Request: December 26, 2010 Date of Response: January 11, 2011

Witness: Mark Saltsman

RESPONSE:

59. Referencing the Term Sheet for Purchase of Power for Concord Power & Steam provided in John Dalton's testimony, please provide the Forward Capacity Market forecast and assumptions used to develop the PPA proposal.

OBJECTION: See Concord Steam's Objection to Request 10.

RESPONSE:

NHPUC Docket No. DE 10-195

Response to First Set of Data Requests by PSNH

Date of Request: December 26, 2010 Date of Response: January 11, 2011

Witness: Mark Saltsman

REQUEST:

60. What level of return on equity and internal rate of return is acceptable to Concord Power and Steam?

OBJECTION: See Concord Steam's Objection to Request 10.

RESPONSE: